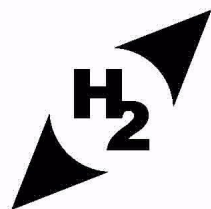


Large-scale hydrogen transportation: challenges and perspectives

Prof. Dr. Tetyana Morozyuk



**WASSERSTOFF
KOMPASS**



Gefördert durch:



Bundesministerium
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und Forschung

aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages

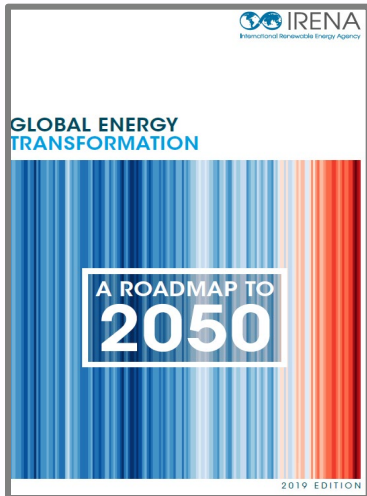
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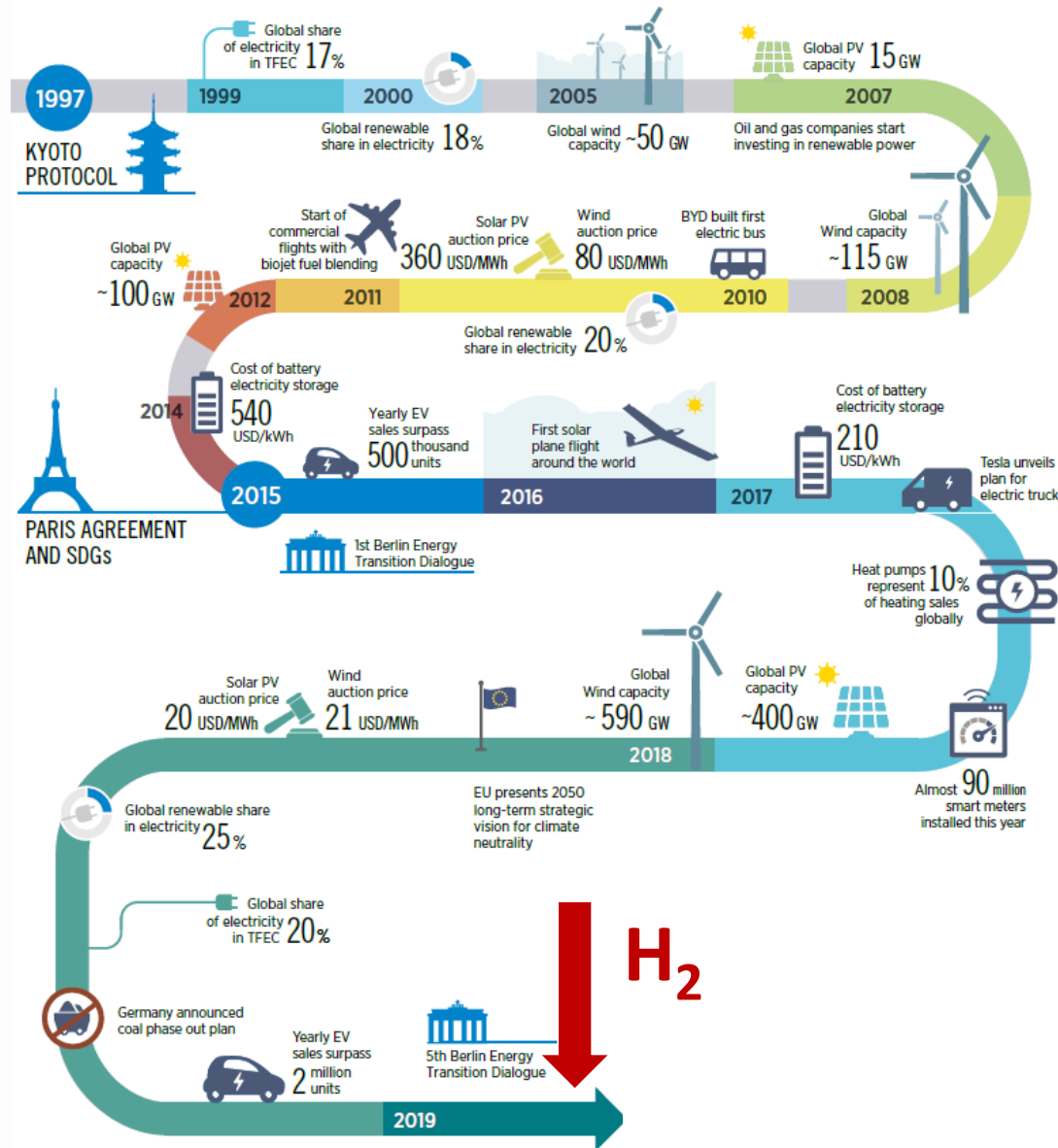
Bundesministerium
für Wirtschaft
und Klimaschutz

aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages

Energy transition: Roadmap to 2050



Sources: (IEA, 2018c); (IRENA, 2018f); (GWEC, 2015); (Reuters, 2007); (IRENA, 2018d); (INSIDEEVS, 2019b); (IEA-PVPS, 2018); (EV Volumes, 2019); (Solar Impulse, 2019); (IRENA, 2017c); (Electrek, 2017); (IEA, 2019); (GlobalData, 2018); (EC, 2018a); (GWEC, 2019); (CleanTechnica, 2018); (ATA, 2018); (BNEF, 2018).



- KEY BENEFITS OF THE ENERGY TRANSFORMATION**
- Lower renewable power costs
 - Increase energy access
 - Reduce emissions and air pollution
 - Increase welfare and growth

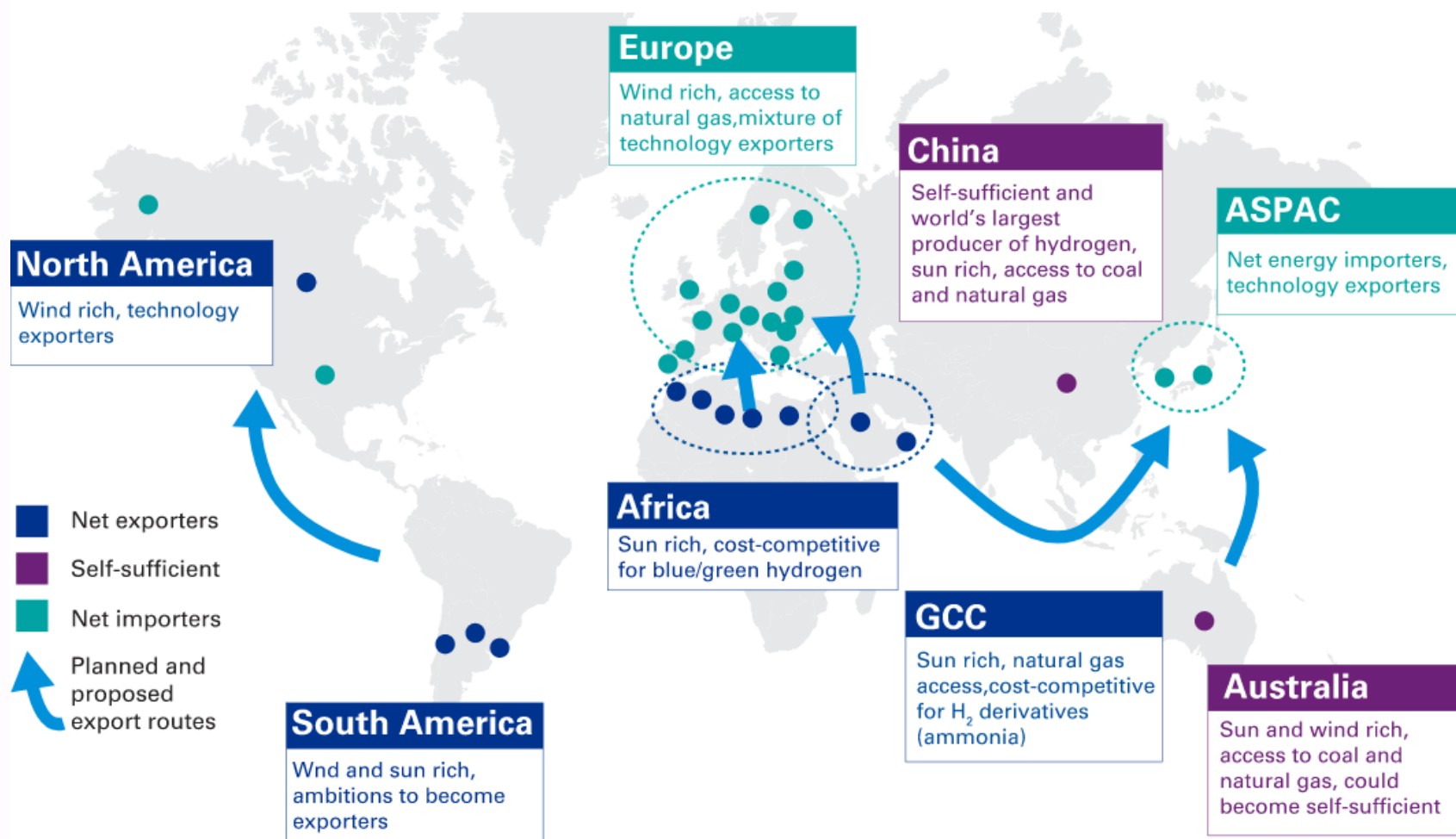
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ENERGIE

H₂
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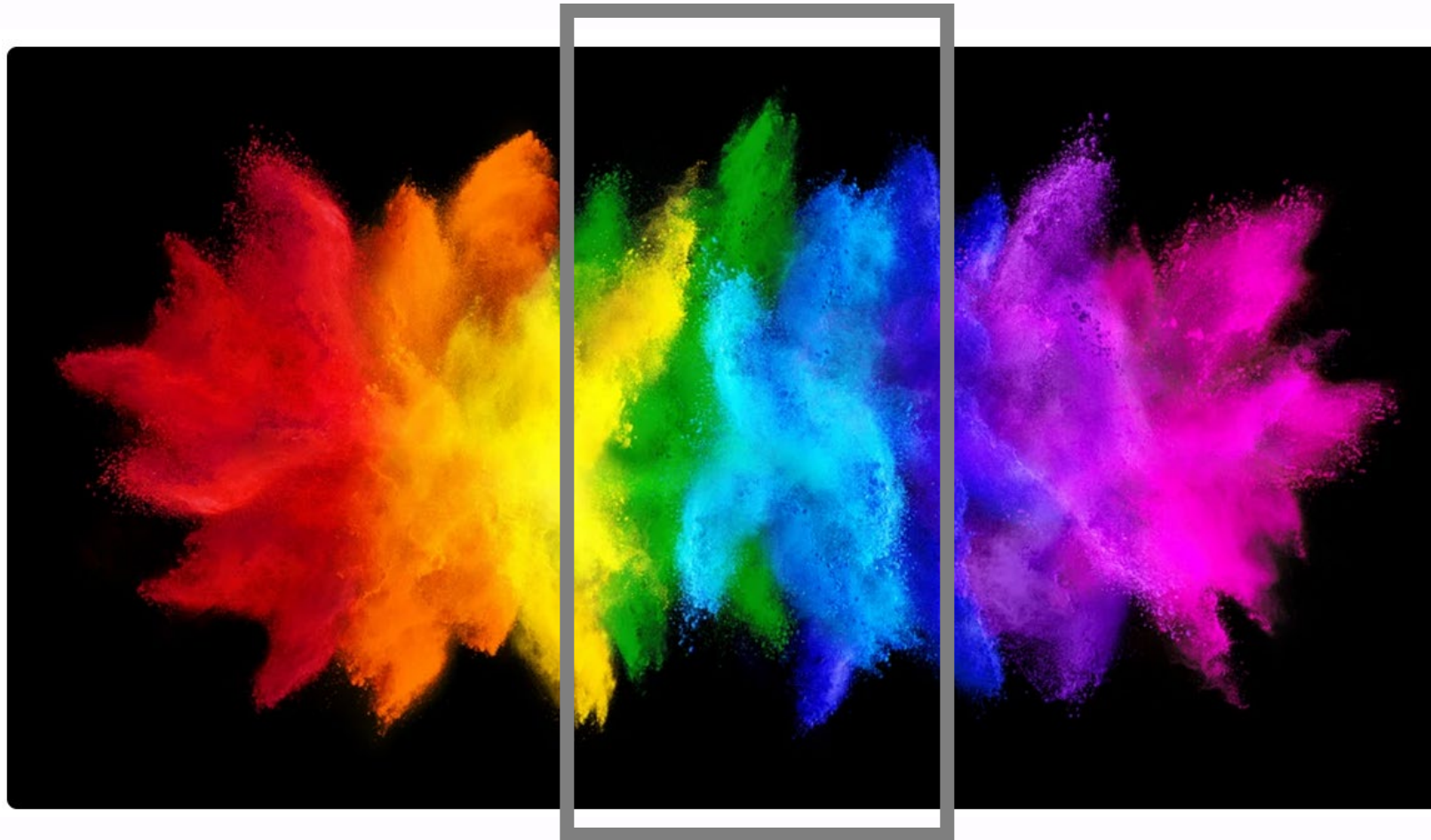
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10.-12. Oktober 2022

Global hot spots and corridors



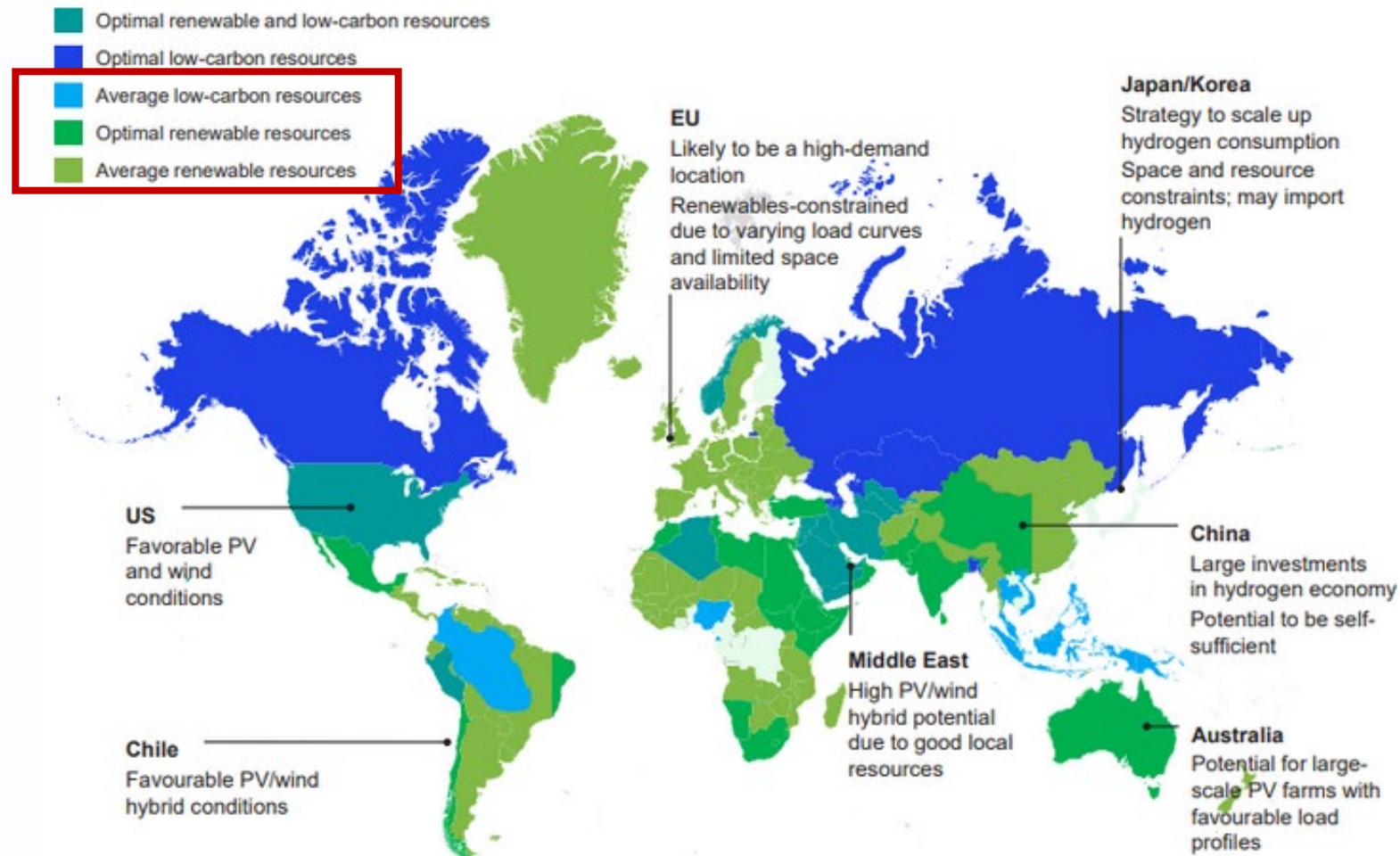
Hydrogen “rainbow”



**MITSUBISHI
HEAVY
INDUSTRIES
GROUP**

<https://spectra.mhi.com/hydrogen-rainbow-the-colors-of-decarbonization>

Low-carbon hydrogen

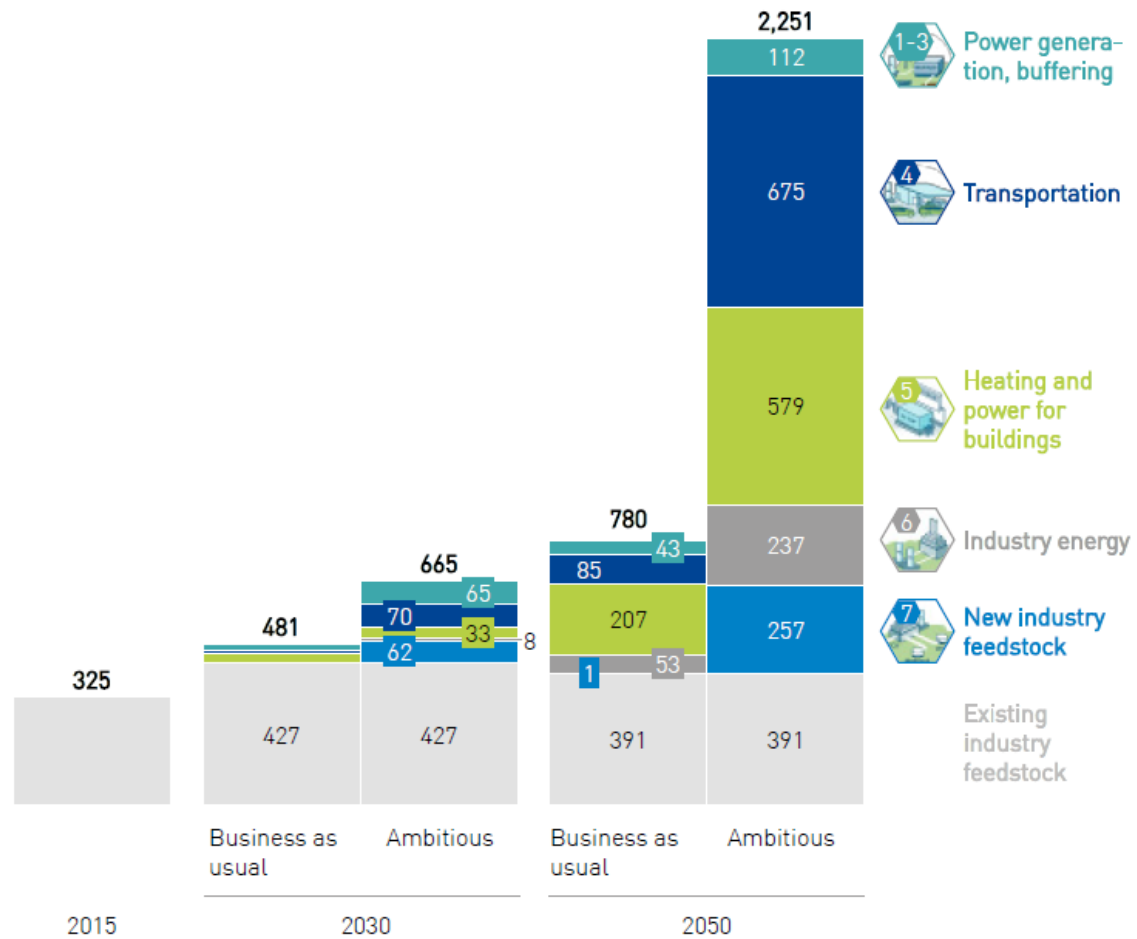


SOURCE: IEA; McKinsey

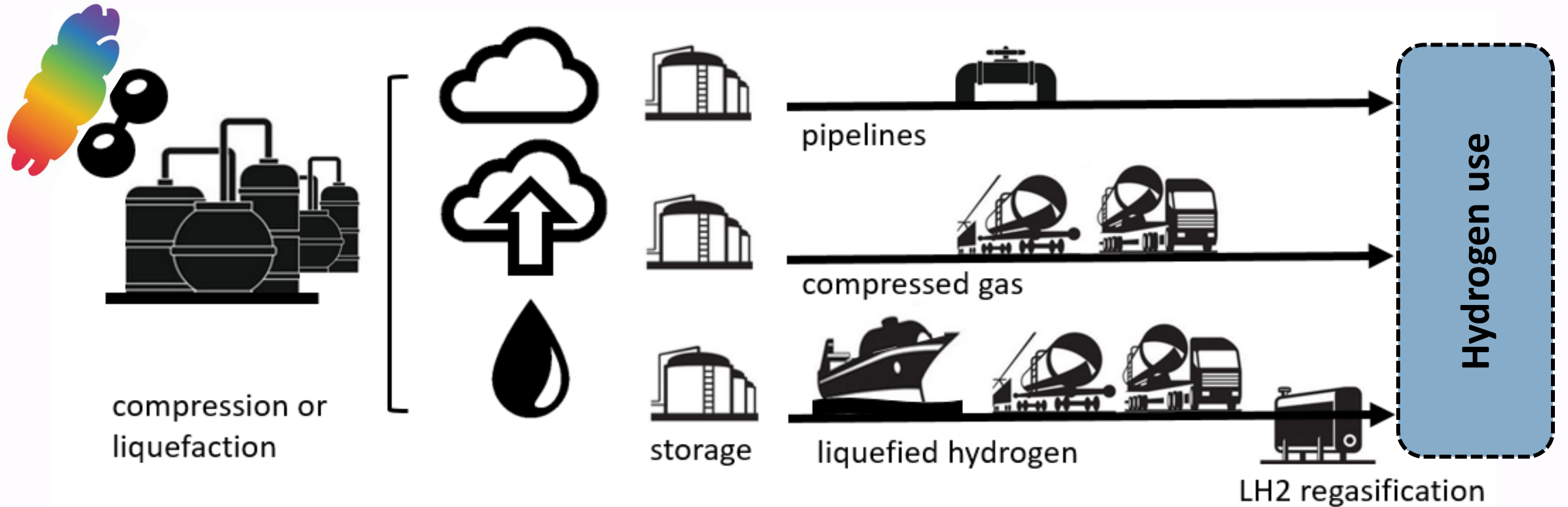
<https://www.nenergybusiness.com/features/renewable-hydrogen-infrastructure/>

Hydrogen "Roadmap Europe"

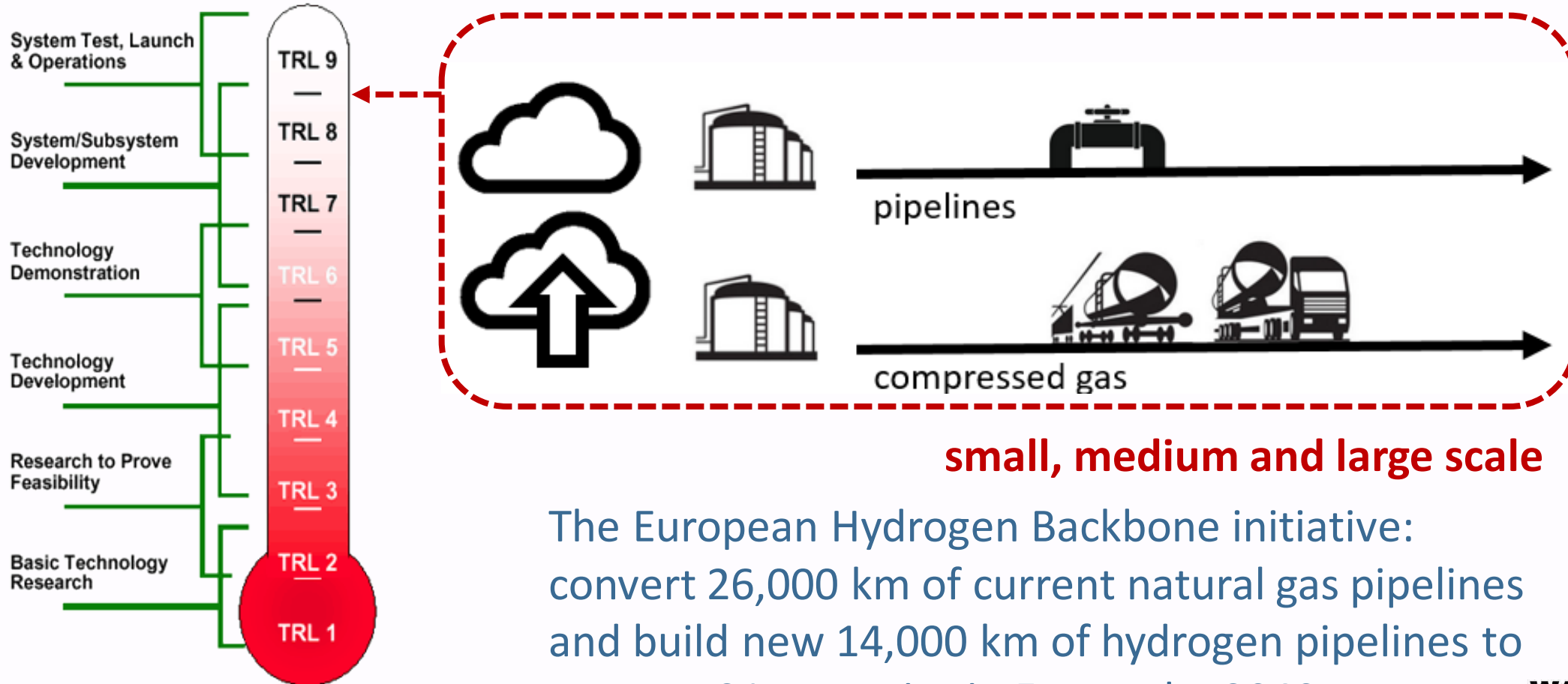
Final energy demand	14,100	11,500		9,300	
Thereof H ₂	2%	4%	6%	8%	24%



Hydrogen transportation



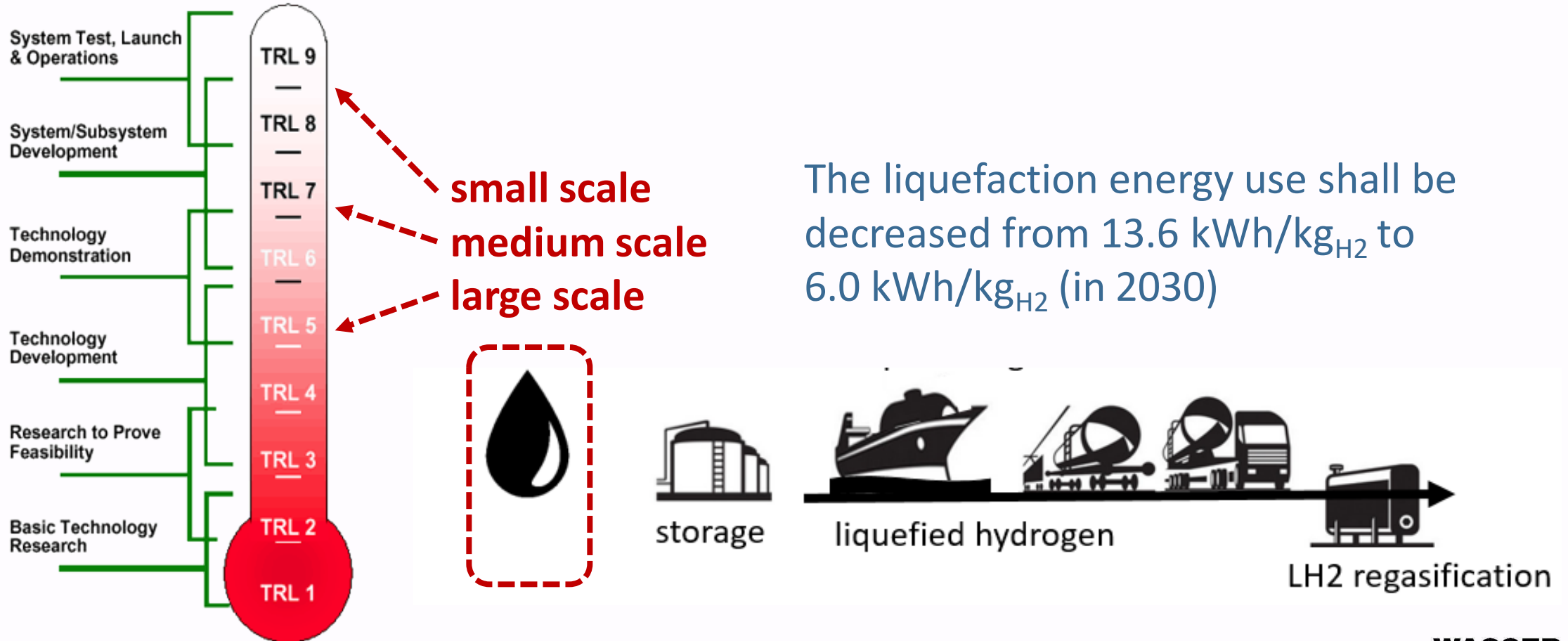
Technological readiness levels - 1



The European Hydrogen Backbone initiative: convert 26,000 km of current natural gas pipelines and build new 14,000 km of hydrogen pipelines to connect 21 countries in Europe by 2040

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Technology_readiness_level

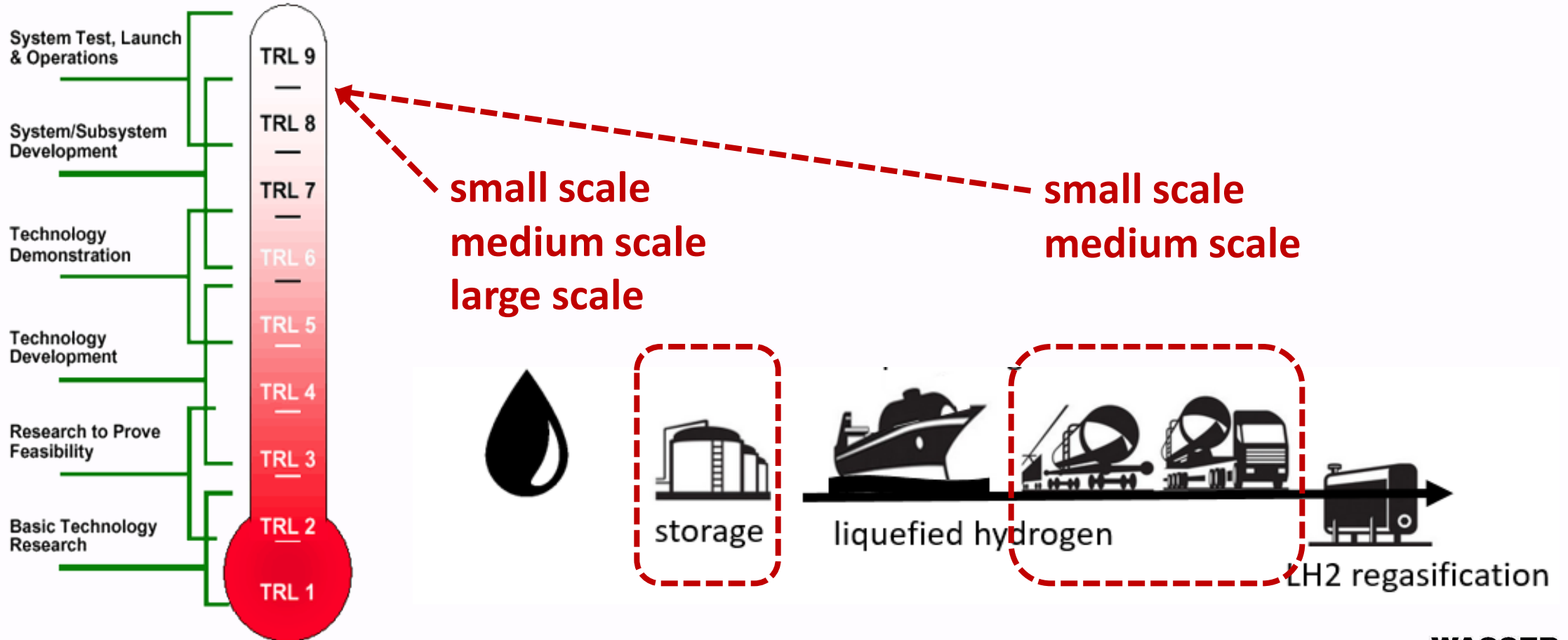
Technological readiness levels - 2



The liquefaction energy use shall be decreased from 13.6 kWh/kg_{H2} to 6.0 kWh/kg_{H2} (in 2030)

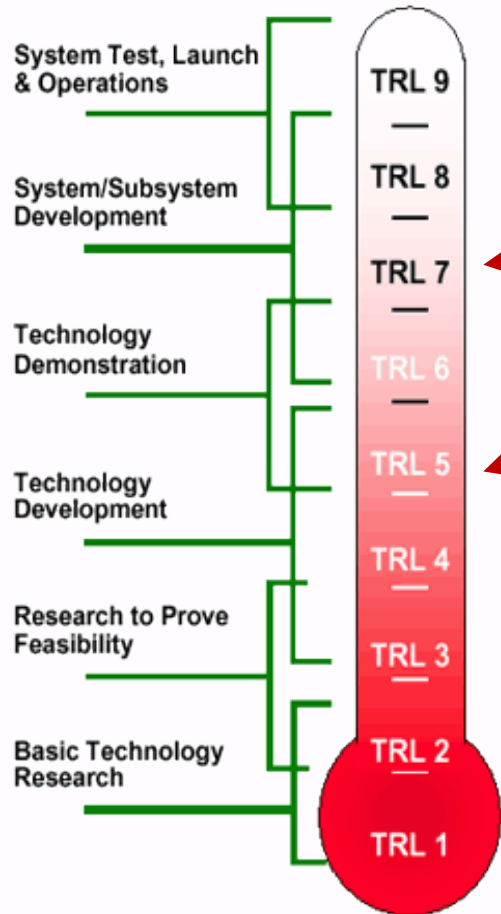
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Technology_readiness_level

Technological readiness levels - 3



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Technology_readiness_level

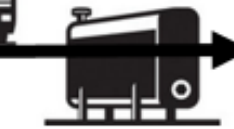
Technological readiness levels - 4



storage



liquefied hydrogen



LH2 regasification

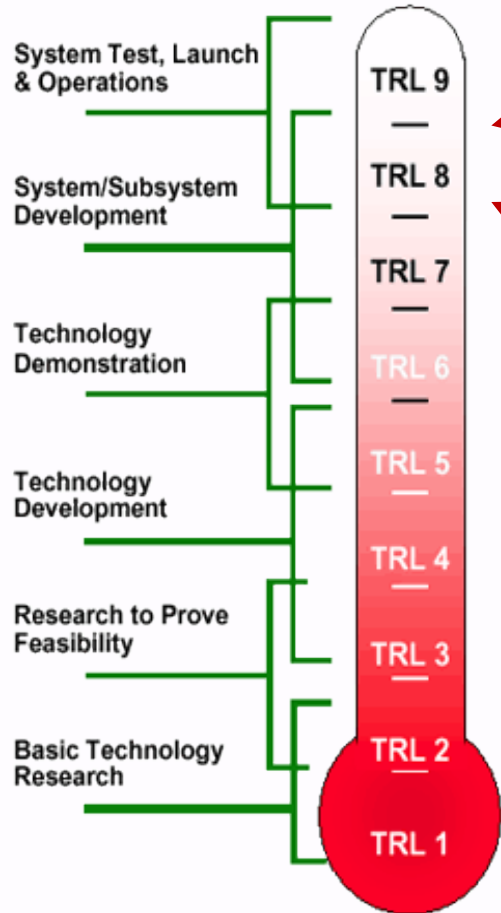


<https://hydrogen-central.com/kawasaki-heavy-tanker-liquefied-hydrogen/>

large scale

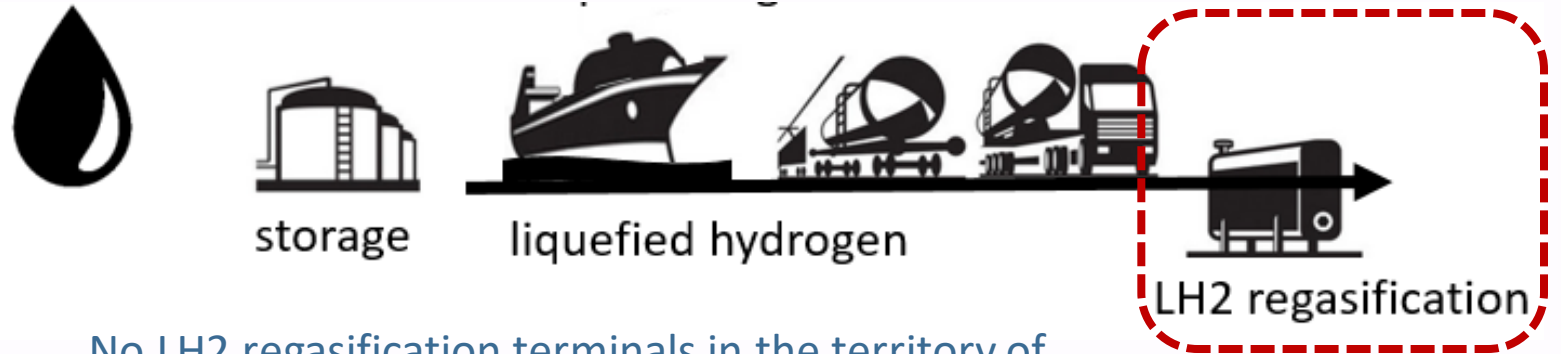
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Technology_readiness_level

Technological readiness levels - 5



Small-scale (atmospheric vaporizers of H₂ fueling stations), the specific energy consumption 1.7 kWh/kg_{H₂}

Medium scale (three reported cases in the UK), the specific energy consumption 0.01 kWh/kWh_{H₂} (2016), 0.002-0.005 kWh/kWh_{H₂} (2019)

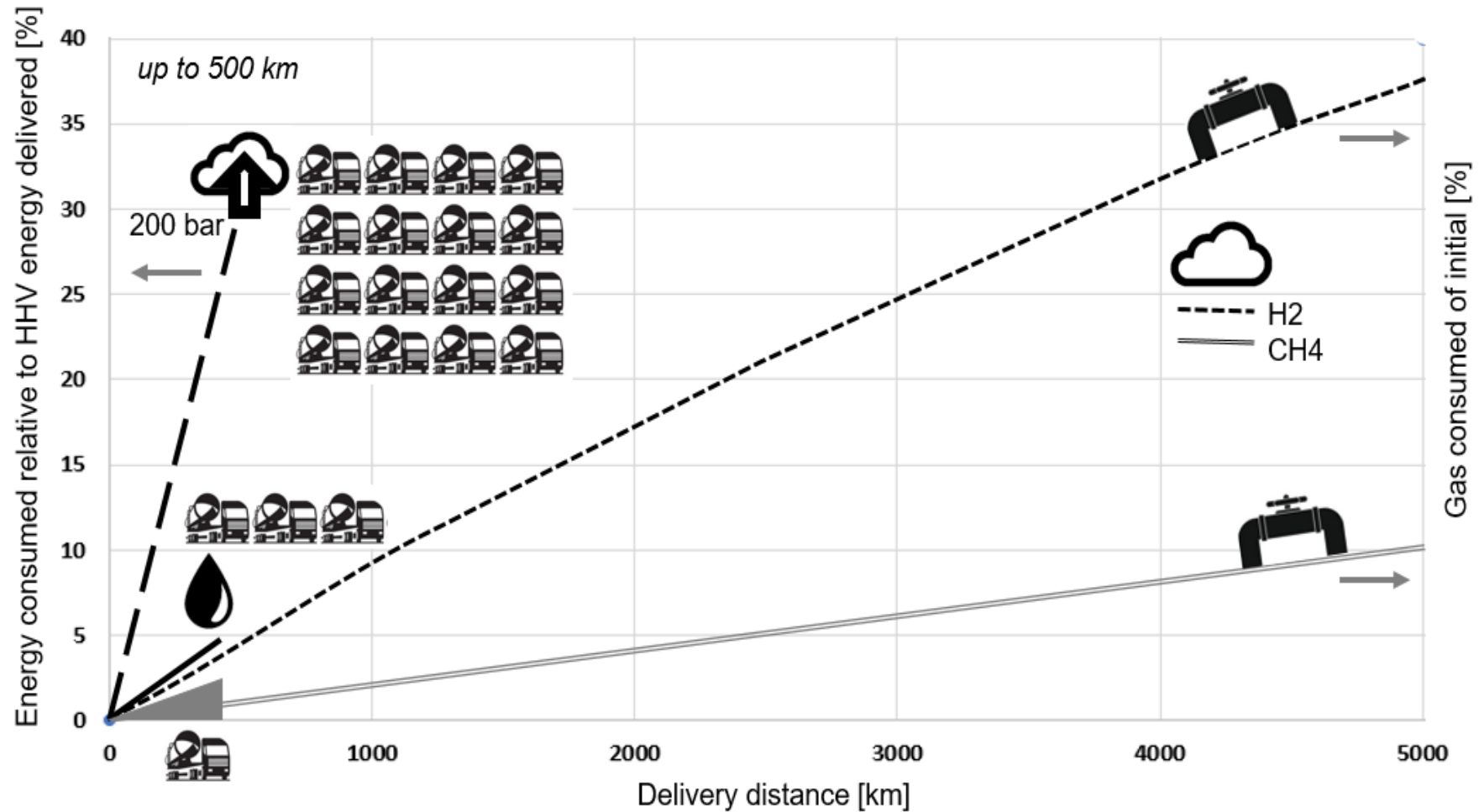


No LH2 regasification terminals in the territory of the EU. Germany has announced the conversion of the planned LNG terminal in the harbor of Wilhelmshaven (North Sea) to a hydrogen hub

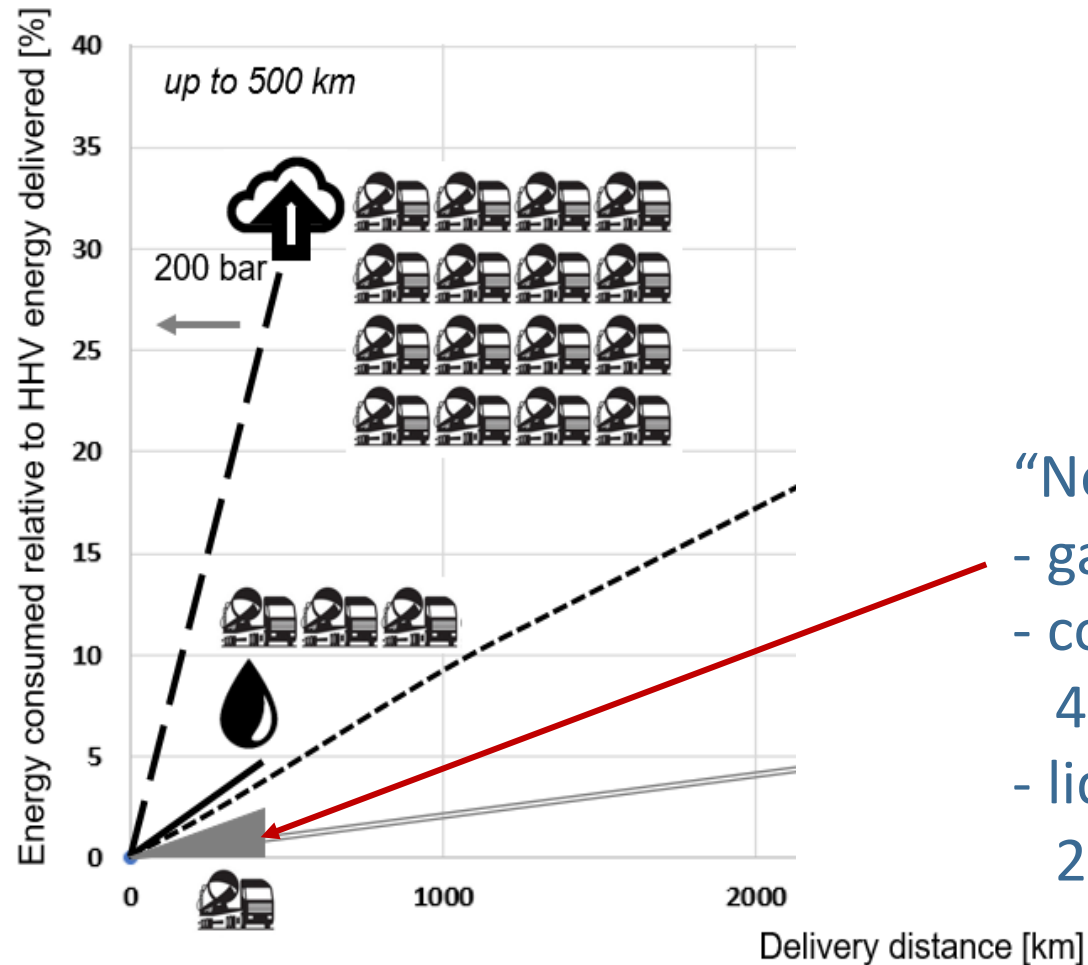
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https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Technology_readiness_level

One-way transportation - 1



One-way transportation - 2

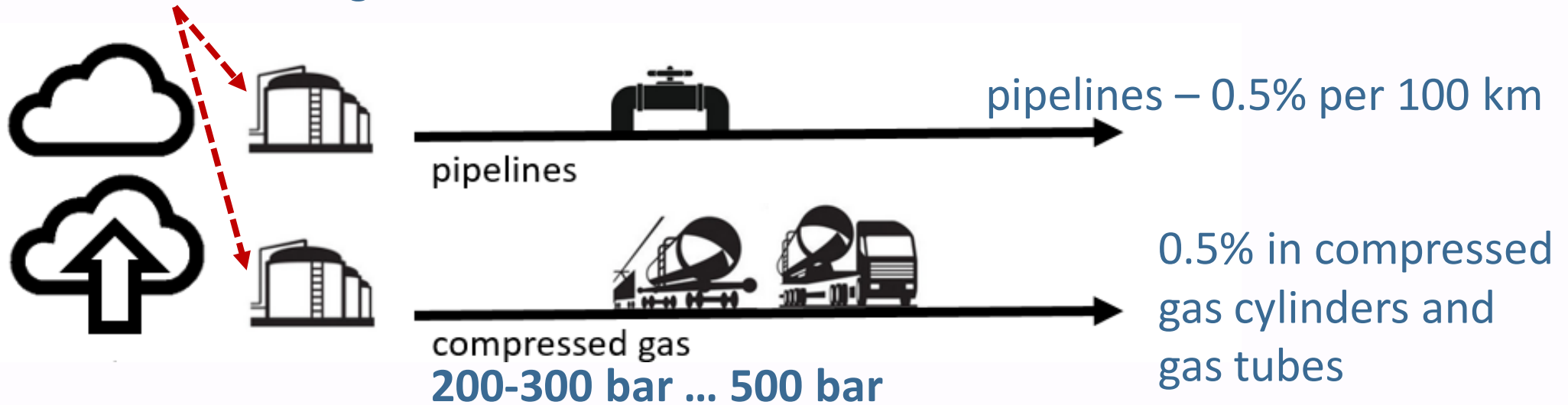


“Netto” delivery weight:

- gasoline (methanol, propane) 65%
- compressed hydrogen under 200 bar
400 kg → 1%
- liquefied hydrogen under 1 bar
2100 kg → 7%

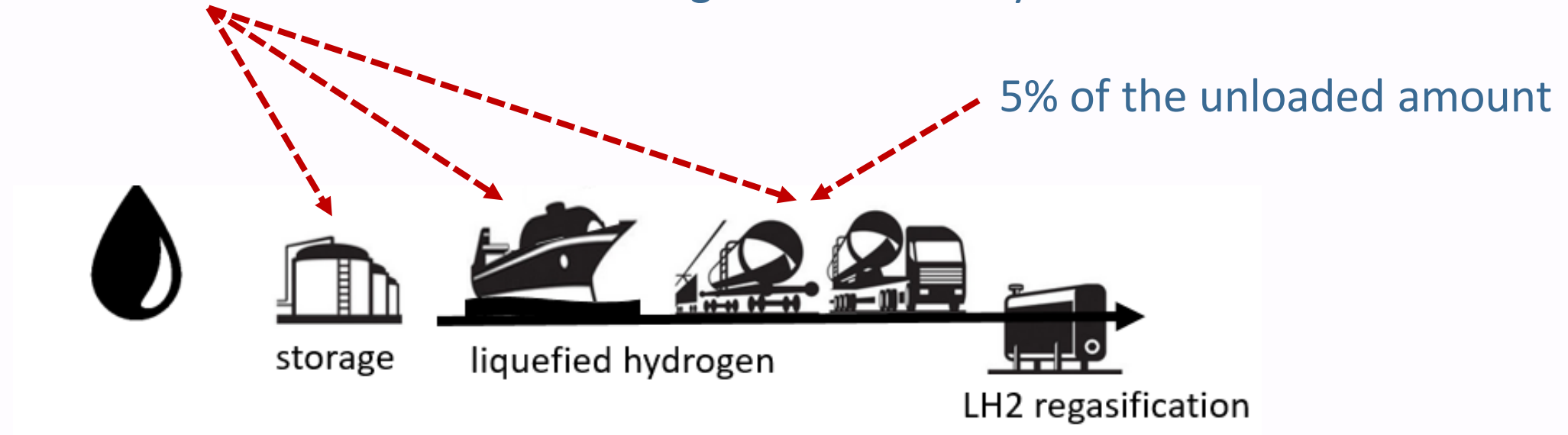
Hydrogen losses - 1

1% of the stored gas

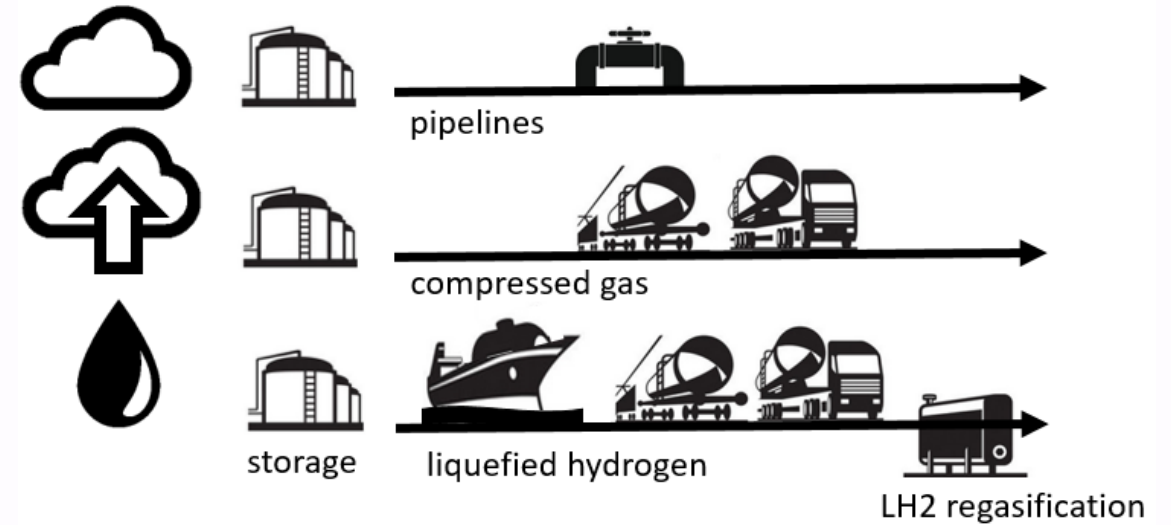
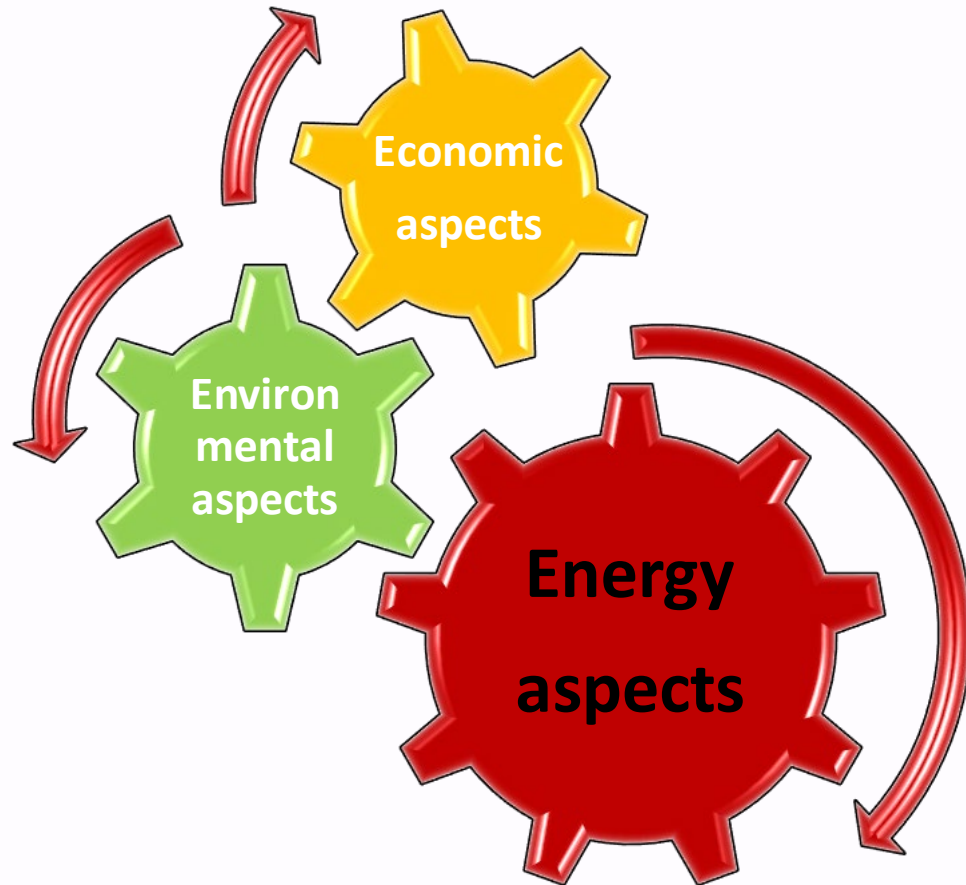


Hydrogen losses - 2

LH2 – 0.03%/day “boiled-off”
maximum recommended storage time of 10 days



Conclusion: pro/contra



**Towards to the energy,
economic and environmental effective
hydrogen economy**

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Thanks for your attention

Technische Universität Berlin
Institute for Energy Engineering
Chair: Exergy-based methods for refrigeration systems

Thanks

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